

MEMORANDUM ENDORSEMENT

McGriff v. Superintendent Keyser et al.

7:17-cv-07307-NSR-PED

USDC SDNY
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DOC #:
DATE FILED: 10/12/2021

The Court has reviewed Defendants' request for leave to file a motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 98), Plaintiff's letter requesting that the Court wait to address the request until Plaintiff was released on September 23, 2021 and could procure an attorney (ECF No. 99), and Plaintiff's letter notifying the Court of his new address (ECF No. 100).

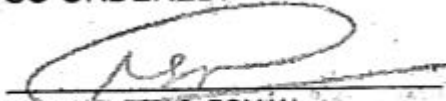
The Court waives the pre-motion conference requirement and grants Defendants leave to file their proposed motion for summary judgment as follows: moving papers shall be served (not filed) on December 15, 2021; opposition papers shall be served (not filed) on January 14, 2022; reply papers shall be served on January 31, 2022. All motion papers shall be filed on the reply date, January 31, 2022. If Plaintiff has not obtained counsel by the reply date, Defendants shall file all motion papers, including Plaintiff's opposition papers. If Plaintiff has obtained counsel by the reply date, parties shall file their own papers. The parties shall provide two hard courtesy copies of all motion papers to Chambers as they are served.

The Court has set the briefing schedule to afford Plaintiff time to find counsel. If Plaintiff is unable to comply with the current briefing schedule, he must timely seek an extension of his deadline to serve his opposition papers.

The Clerk of Court is directed to terminate the motions at ECF No. 98 and 93, to mail a copy of this order to pro se Plaintiff at the address on ECF, and to show service on the docket.

Dated: October 12, 2021
White Plains, NY

SO ORDERED:


HON. NELSON S. ROMAN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

MEMO ENDORSED



STATE OF NEW YORK
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

LETITIA JAMES
ATTORNEY GENERAL

DIVISION OF STATE COUNSEL
LITIGATION BUREAU

DIRECT DIAL: (212) 416-6551

September 15, 2021

Via ECF

Honorable Nelson S. Román
United States District Judge
Southern District of New York
300 Quarropas Street
White Plains, New York 10601

Re: McGriff v. Keyser, No. 17 Civ. 7307 (NSR)

Dear Judge Román:

This Office represents defendants William Keyser, Anthony Polizzi, and Stephen Keyser, (collectively “Defendants”) in the above-referenced matter. Pursuant to Judge Davison’s Order on August 4, 2021, and Your Honor’s Individual Practices, I write to respectfully request that the Court schedule a pre-motion conference in order to discuss the Defendants’ anticipated motion for summary judgment.

Plaintiff, an inmate at Sullivan Correctional Facility (“Sullivan”), alleges that on October 19, 2015, Defendant Keyser wrote a misbehavior report charging him with drug possession and smuggling contraband. (Dkt. No. 32, ¶ 8,12). Plaintiff was placed in SHU pending a hearing before Defendant Hearing Officer Polizzi, who found Plaintiff guilty and sentenced him to 45 days keeplock. Plaintiff contends that he did not receive due process at his disciplinary hearing, and that the conditions in SHU, where there was ongoing construction during the day, violated the Eighth Amendment. The sole claims remaining in this case are due process claims concerning the conduct of the disciplinary hearing against Defendants Polizzi and Keyser, and an Eighth Amendment claim concerning the conditions in SHU against Defendant Superintendent Keyser. These claims are all meritless.

1. Plaintiff’s Eighth Amendment Claim Fails Because He Failed to Exhaust his Administrative Remedies Prior to Filing this Action

The Second Circuit has expressly held that the clear language of § 1997e(a) requires that exhaustion be completed prior to commencement of an action in court. Neal v. Goord, 267 F.3d 116, 123 (2d Cir. 2001). Exhaustion requirement “applies to all inmate suits about prison life, whether they involve general circumstances or particular episodes.” Porter v. Nussle, 534 U.S. 516, 532 (2002). Compliance with the particular prison’s administrative grievance procedure “define[s] the boundaries of proper exhaustion.” Jones v. Bock, 549 U.S. 199, 218 (2007). The exhaustion must be “[p]roper,” meaning that it must “compl[y] with an agency’s deadlines and

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other critical procedural rules because no adjudicative system can function effectively without imposing some orderly structure on the course of its proceedings.” Woodford v. Ngo, 548 U.S. 81, 90-91 (2006). An inmate grievance procedure pursuant to DOCCS Directive 4040 requires an inmates to follow a three-step process (§ 701.5(a)-(b); 7 N.Y.C.R.R. § 701.5 (a)-(b)). Plaintiff admits that he did not file a grievance concerning the noise while in SHU, and alleges that he grieved regarding the dusty food but did not receive any response at the time he commenced this action. Plaintiff thus failed to exhaust his Eighth Amendment claims, and they should be dismissed.

2. Defendant Superintendent Keyser was not Personally Involved in Any Constitutional Violation

“[P]ersonal involvement of defendants in alleged constitutional deprivations is a prerequisite to an award of damages under § 1983.” Shomo v. City of New York, 579 F.3d 176, 184 (2d Cir. 2009) (citation omitted). To hold a prison official liable under § 1983 “requires a showing of more than the linkage in the prison chain of command.” Ayers v. Coughlin, 780 F.2d 205, 210 (2d Cir. 1985). Instead, plaintiffs must allege non-conclusory facts sufficient to establish that “each Government-official defendant, through the official’s own individual actions, has violated the Constitution.” Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 556 U.S. 662, 676 (2009). Here, the only factual allegations in the Amended Complaint concerning Superintendent Keyser is that he was told, during rounds and by one letter, of the dusty food and noise issues in SHU. He is sued simply because of the high-ranking position he holds within DOCCS. This is insufficient to state a claim as a matter of law. See Ayers, 780 F.2d at 201. Additionally, receiving a letter from an inmate does not render the official personally involved with respect to the subject matter of the letter. Sealey v. Giltner, 116 F.3d 47, 51 (2d Cir.1997).

3. Plaintiff Has Not Alleged a Deprivation of A Liberty Interest

The Second Circuit has instructed that “[r]estrictive confinements of less than 101 days do not generally raise a liberty interest” Davis v. Barrett, 576 F.3d 129, 133- 134 (2d Cir. 2009). Here, Plaintiff alleges that he was only sentenced to 45 days in keeplock, and there are no facts alleged to indicate that his keeplock confinement was unusual or different from routine restrictive confinement in keeplock or SHU. The allegations concerning dusty food and noise relate only to the pre-hearing time spent in SHU. He has thus failed to allege a liberty interest implicating the Due Process Clause, and the Court need proceed no further.

4. Plaintiff Received All the Process That Was Due In Any Event

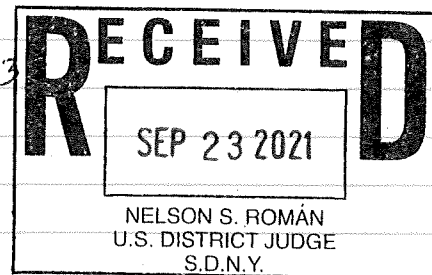
The only process that an inmate is due at a disciplinary hearing is “advance written notice of the charges against him; a hearing affording him a reasonable opportunity to call witnesses and present documentary evidence; a fair and impartial hearing officer; and a written statement of the disposition, including the evidence relied upon and the reasons for the disciplinary actions taken.” Sira v. Morton, 380 F.3d 57, 69 (2d Cir. 2004) (citing Wolff v. McDonnell, 418 U.S. 539, 563-567 (1974)). Furthermore, “judicial review of the written findings required by due process is limited to determining whether the disposition is supported by ‘some evidence.’” Id. (citing Superintendent v. Hill, 472 U.S. 445, 455 (1985)). “This standard is extremely tolerant and is satisfied if there is *any* evidence in the record that supports the disciplinary ruling.” Sira, 380 F.3d at 69 (emphasis in original). Here, Plaintiff concedes that he was able to present witnesses and

As: pro se P letter dated 9/20/2021 re 9/23/21 release date and response to

Date: 09 / 23 / 2021 Defendants' letter at ECF No. 98.

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DATE FILED: 9/23/2021

Dewitt McGriff # 97A6773
Sullivan Corr. Fac.
P.O. Box 116
325 Riverside Drive
Fallsburg, N.Y. 12733



Hon. Nelson S. Roman (PED)
United States District Judge
Southern District of New York
300 Quarropas Street
White Plains, New York 10601

September 20, 2021

Re: McGriff v. Keyser, No. 17 Civ. 7307 (NSR) (PED)

Dear Judge Roman:

I recieved a letter from the Attorney General's Office today of them requesting a pre-motion conference from the Court. When you recieve this letter I will be released from prison. I get out on 9-23-21. Once out, I will come to the Court and the Att. Gen. Office to register my new location. I request that the Court hold off on the pre-motion conference until I am able to obtain counsel for the above case.

I reference my civil complaint which has merit, as you have read, to combat this frivolous motion for summary judgment that the defendants want to submit.

Respectfully Submitted
Dewitt McGriff,
Pro-Se

SULLIVAN CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

P.O. BOX 116

FALLSBURG, NEW YORK 12733-0116

NAME:

Dewitt McGuff

DIN:

97A6773

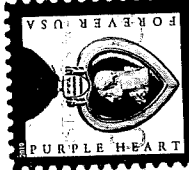
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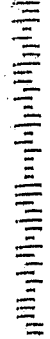
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ATTN: Honorable Nelson S. Roman
United States District Judge
Southern District of New York
300 Quarropas Street
White Plains, N.Y. 10601

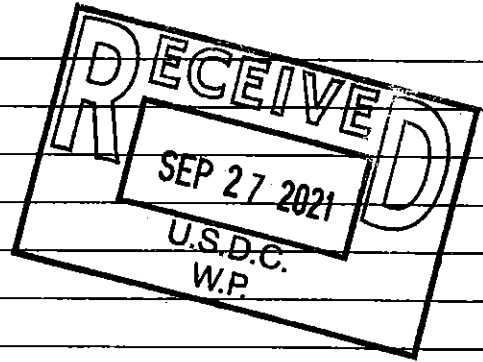
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Legal Mail

Dewitt McGriff
163-45 130th Ave
Jamaica, N.Y. 11434
Apt # 8G



Clerk of the Court
United States District Court
Southern District of New York
Federal Building and United States Courthouse
300 Quarropas Street
White Plains, N.Y. 10601

Re: Index No. 17-CV-7307 (NSR) - (PED)
Date: September 23, 2021

Dear Clerk,
this letter is to inform the court
of my new residence location. I am no longer
incarcerated. My new location (address) is:

163-45 130th Ave
Jamaica, N.Y. 11434
Apt # 8G

So please send all correspondence to
my new location, the above address. I will
be stopping in to Courthouse in person as
well. I also sent a letter to the
Attorney General's Office informing them
of my new location, thank you, also inform
the Judges of my new address.

CC:

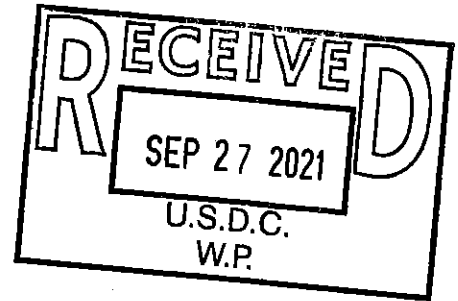
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Respectfully Submitted

Dewitt McGriff

Dated: Sept. 23, 2021

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Dewitt McGriff, certify that on 23 day of September 2021, I mailed a copy
of the following document(s) and all attachments:

Letter informing The Court of my change
of address
[List all Documents and Attachments]

to the following parties: Clerk: United States District Court
[Place Name and Address Where Documents Were Sent]
Southern District of New York, United States Courthouse
300 Quarropas Street, White Plains, N.Y. 10601.
Office of the Attorney General 28 Liberty Street, N.Y., N.Y. 10005 (18th Floor)

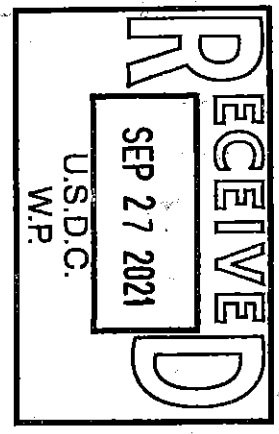
I certify that these documents were placed in a United States Postal Service mailbox on
the below indicated date for forwarding to the above parties by First Class Mail via U.S. Postal
Service.

I further certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct pursuant to
28 U.S.C. § 1746.

Executed on: Sept. 23, 2021.
Jamaica, New York

[Signature] Dewitt McGriff
[Print Name] Dewitt McGriff

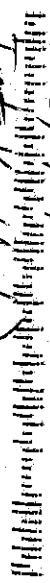
Mr. David McGinnis
163-45 130th Ave
Jamaica, N.Y. 11434
(apt # 86)



ATTN: Clerk

United States District Court
Southern District of New York
United States Courthouse
300 Quarropas Street
White Plains, N.Y. 10601
(Pro-Se Intake Unit)

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